To Bomb or Not to Bomb?

By O Globo

As the looming threat of terrorism grew greater and greater, the 25 members of Al Gore’s cabinet were quickly divided over what actions to take next. A new Taliban group called Gucci Gang has recently appeared, armed with United States weaponry, which leads the cabinet to believe that someone within the government is collaborating with the terrorists. Despite this, multiple attempts to solve this problem by interrogating government officials have failed. Now, cabinet members are left to decide how to deal with the terrorists before the conflict is exacerbated.

Multiple members of the cabinet call for military intervention. John Shalikashvili, the National Security Advisor, and an avid supporter of military intervention stated, “We need to prioritize. It’s our people or the Afghans. Shoot first, ask questions later.”

In opposition, the Secretary of State, Richard Holbrooke, argued, “We need to put America first, but that doesn’t mean putting troops on the ground to be shot”.

Before a decision could be made, an announcement came in that certain members of the cabinet, who remain unknown at this time, have caused airstrikes to be launched at Afghanistan and Iraq in an attempt to combat Gucci Gang. However, their success remains unknown.

The military strikes have damaged the public’s view of the government, both nationally and internationally. The United State’s involvement has raised tensions within Iran and Saudi Arabia, along with causing Gore’s approval rating to drop from around 60% to 35%.

As Saudi Arabia is an important ally of the US, government officials are hastily attempting to find solutions to improve relations.

(Cont.)

Crisis Update: The Trojans Take the Lead in War

By The Guardian

Troops of Ajax the Greater went to search for the tunnels leading into the city of Troy, but failed to find them seeing as there are no tunnels. While his troops are aimlessly wandering around the walls of Troy, a battle ensues between the Trojans and the Greeks.

A crisis staffer informed the representatives that the battle plan the Greeks had recently passed into action was successful. They were able to defeat the Trojans with the use of multiple weapons and god bestowed gifts such as poisonous scorpions, dead cow and fire arrows. With the assistance of catapults from their ships, they were able to slaughter the Trojans and teach them that if the Trojan troops attempted to leave the walls of their protected city they would only face defeat and failure.

The Achaeans were able to push the Trojan forces so far back that they were able to reach the walls to the city of Troy. The Greek troops, however, without the assistance of their catapults were not able to keep their defensive line intact and eventually had to retreat. This led to the loss of forty percent of the
A few, such as Shalikashvili, suggested bombing Iran to get Saudi Arabia’s approval as “relationships with Iran were already bitter.”

“Never-ending conflict will create a never-ending supply of jobs and happiness,” said Trent Lott who went even further to propose a full-scale military invasion.

This reached strong opposition from the other members of the cabinet, such as Carol Browner who emphasized on how we must refrain from bombing and use more peaceful approaches. Jeb Bush further added military involvement has “already caused instability and uncalculated consequences.”

Whether through further violence or peace, both sides agreed steps must be taken to ensure peace for America.

Disneyland Oahu Convicts Two Members of Castle Bombing

By Izvestia

Tensions heightened and suspicions brewed as the Disneyland Oahu crew scrambled to uncover the identity of both the murderer of the late Head of Advertising and the bomber of the Disney Castle. Coming in the wake of the revelation that the Head of Guest Services had framed the Head of Advertising for the highly publicized cocaine scandal, the staff of Disneyland Oahu invested many resources into the investigation.

“We’re working as hard as we can to get to the bottom of both crimes,” the new Head of Advertising said.

“The atmosphere is very intense because we don’t know who to trust.”

After much heated debate, the staff put the Head of Advertising, Head of Casting, Head of Pyrotechnics and Head of Transportation on trial for the explosion that destroyed the Disney Castle. Before the commencement of the trial, committee brought in three pre-screened witnesses to testify on the events of the night of the bombing. One witness, a colleague of the Head of Cultural Respect, reported to have discovered the badge of the Head of Fantasyland amid the rubble of the castle. The second witness, a friend of the Head of Pyrotechnics, informed the group that just prior to the bombing, she had heard the Head of Pyrotechnics making phone calls to “sketchy” people.

“It was just really weird and uncharacteristic,” the friend said. “That combined with the access she had to a lot of fireworks is all I have to say.”
The third witness, a member of the Head of Pyrotechnics’ staff, explained that just before the explosion, the Head of Pyrotechnics requested him to move a large quantity of fireworks into the basement under the Disney Castle.

“My boss is sitting in this room right now,” the pyrotechnics staff member said when asked to elaborate. “There’s not much more I’m at liberty to say.”

In the wake of the ensuing deliberations, the Disneyland Oahu staff acquitted the Head of Casting and the Head of Transportation, leaving both the new Head of Advertising and the Head of Pyrotechnics to face conviction. While the committee met the verdict of the Head of Pyrotechnics with cheers, uncertainty tinged the atmosphere as the committee failed to acquit the new Head of Advertising.

“I definitely don’t think that the new Head of Advertising was complicit in the bombing, especially because he wasn’t even here at the time of the attack,” the Head of Resort and Hotels said. “The Head of Pyrotechnics, on the other hand, had a lot of the evidence pointing her way.”

Questionable convictions aside, the staff of Disneyland Oahu still faces other crises beyond the scope of the castle bombing including the trial of the murderer of the former Head of Advertising and the increasingly vehement protests against the park’s location.

“Even after this trial, we still have a lot left to do for the park to be successful,” the Head of Sanitation said. “With the protesters and the trials, I hope we get to all of it.”

CRIME AND CONVICTION: Disneyland Oahu staff members draft ideas for putting the Head of Pyrotechnics on trial for the Disney Castle bombing. After going over the presented evidence, many staff members firmly believed in the Head of Pyrotechnics’ guilt.
World Health Organization finalizes plans to end the Tuberculosis epidemic

NEW YORK CITY, NY — With a tuberculosis (TB) epidemic ravaging the international community, delegations are rushing to finalize their plans to stop the disease in its tracks. Four groups have collaborated and debated their way to create different solutions with this singular goal.

“What sets us apart is our partnership with international schools which cooperate to find a cure,” the Malaysian delegation said.

Along the South Africa and Brazil delegations, they drafted an Awareness and Immediate Disease Prevention (AID) Plan showing individuals ways to stop and mitigate TB’s effects. It would also make low-cost treatments available for all, regardless of socioeconomic status.

“The span of our wallets should not determine the span of our lives,” the delegation of Malaysia said.

Angola led another group of delegates, including Chad and Afghanistan, whose proposal focuses on the implementation of genetically modified (GM) drugs to combat the ailment, as well as education.

Some opposed Angola’s solution.

“[Other delegates] say that GM drugs can mutate and might be dangerous,” the delegate from Angola said. “They are actually a safe and reliable way to help people who need treatment.”

Other nations say the solution lies in infrastructure.

“It’s really important to focus on is the importance of infrastructure and how all the treatment will be distributed throughout countries which are deeply affected,” the delegation from Egypt said.

With delegates like Poland, they have created the Health Education Awareness Research (HEAR) proposal, which suggests solutions to improving the roads systems linking rural and urban areas.

Russia has headed up a fourth group that drafted the Education Treatment Assistance (ETA) plan, which emphasizes the need of immediate aid.

“We want to educate while suggesting countries subsidize the health sector to make the cost of medical supplies cheaper,” the delegate said. It too includes plans to improve education on where to seek treatment and how to prevent infection.

On the surface, all are built on a similar foundation with proposals for education and awareness while providing some form of treatment. Yet key, nuanced differences set them apart from each other.

“Ultimately, with the similarities we have and the details that are different, I think we can come together and implement all these multifaceted solutions in tandem,” the delegation from Brazil said.